

Proposed Amendments – USATF Rules Of Competition 2005 Annual Meeting pg. 1  
**USATF RULES COMMITTEE SCORECARD – 2005 Annual Meeting, Jacksonville, FL**  
 Committee Actions as of 25 October, 2005

Item	Conf	Action	Item	Conf	Action	Item	Conf	Action	Item	Conf	Action
1	5		26	4		51	4		76	4	
2	5		27	4		52	3		77	4	
3	5		28	5		53	4		78	4	
4	4		29	4		54	4		79	4	
5	4		30	4		55	4		80	5	
6	4		31	4		56	4		81	5	
7	6		32	4		57	3		82	4	
8	4		33	5		58	4		83	4	
9	2		34	4		59	3		84	4	
10	5		35	2		60	3		85	4	
11		<b>W</b>	36	4		61	5		86	4	
12	4		37	4		62	5		87	4	
13	4		38	3		63	4		88	5	
14	4		39	4		64	4		89	5	
15	4		40	4		65		<b>W</b>	90	5	
16	4		41	4		66	4		91	5	
17	4		42		<b>W</b>	67	4		92	5	
18	4		43	4		68		<b>W</b>	93	5	
19	4		44	3		69	5				
20	5		45	4		70	5				
21	4		46	4		71	4				
22	5		47	5		72	4				
23	5		48	3		73	5				
24	2		49	3		74	4				
25	4		50	4		75	4				

**Conference Call Actions:**

1=Grammar / Punctuation      2=Housekeeping      3=Current Practice      4=Recommend Approval  
 5=Discuss / Refer      6=Recommend Reject      7=Recommend Table      W=Withdrawn      a=amended

**Final Actions: A=Accepted      AA= Accepted As Amended      R=Rejected      T=Tabled      W=Withdrawn**

**Proposed Amendments to the USATF Rules of Competition  
Resulting from 45<sup>th</sup> IAAF Congress**

((Double parenthesis)) indicates removal. Underline indicates addition. *Italics* is a rational note.

Item 1 - Tabled Item 68 – submitted by George Mathews, Chair, Masters Track and Field on behalf of Ray Feick

Add a new Rule 202 as follows; Ultra Weight Pentathlon:

1. The competition consists of throwing the five weights listed for each age group in the following table, in the order from lightest to heaviest. The events shall be contested at such intervals as shall be determined by the Games Committee.

2. Three trials shall be allowed with each weight.

3. The winner shall be the one who has scored the highest total of points (counting the best performance in each weight) for all five weights, scored on the basis of the Ultra Weight Pentathlon Table.

Age Group	Weight	Super-Weight	35#	56#	98#	200#	300#
<b>MEN</b>							
Open-49	35	56			x	x	x
50-59	25	56			x	x	x
60-69	20	56			x	x	x
70-79	16	35		x	x	x	
80+	12	25	x	x	x		
<b>WOMEN</b>							
Open-49	20	35		x	x	x	
50-59	16	25	x	x	x		
60-79	12	25					
80+	12	20	X	x	x		

4. For specifications for the implements, see Rules 195.8 and 195.9.

Add new Rule 195.9 as follows:

Ultra Weight: The implement consists of a weight with a handle. The overall length of the handle, from the inside surface of the grip to the body of the weight, shall not exceed 15.24cm. The minimum weights for the implements are: 98# - 44.50kg; 200# - 90.80kg; 300# - 136.10kg.

*Reason: Reconsideration of this item. "This item was inadvertently listed as being tabled in the information distributed at the Final Session. The intention of the Rules Committee was to pass the item."*

Item 2 - Tabled Item 113 – Submitted by Rules Committee

Reorganize the USATF Competitions Rules to follow the IAAF Handbook specifically by creating an Indoor Competition section of the Rules. Pattern each Rule to follow the current IAAF Rule. Delete indoor sections from current rules, such as within Rules 168 and 200.

*Reason: While the re-ordering accomplished with the publication of the 2004 Rule Book was a good step forward, there is still more to go. This item is expected to be tabled until 2005.*

Item 3 – Amend Rule 110.4 as follows: (IAAF 36, 37, 38, 44)

<b>Management Officials</b>	<b>Minimum Indoor</b>	<b>Minimum Outdoor</b>
Technical Manager	1	1
Jury of Appeal	3	3
Referee - Track	1	1
Referee - Field	1	1
Referee - Combined	1	1
Referee – Outside Stadium	<del>((1))</del> 0	1
National Technical Officials	1	3
Photo Finish Operator	1	1
Competition Secretary	1	1
<u>Chief Starter</u>	1	1
<u>Event Presentation Manager</u>	1	1

Item 4 – Amend Rule 111.3(i) as follows: (IAAF 39)

- (i) provide a place properly laid out and measured to conform to all the requirements of these rules, the appropriate sections of the IAAF Track and Field Facilities Manual and,

Item 5 – Add Rule 124 as follows: (IAAF 47, 48), consider all underlined

**RULE 124**

**EVENT PRESENTATION MANAGER**

1. The Event Presentation Manager shall plan, in conjunction with the Competition Director, the event presentation arrangements for a competition in cooperation with the Games Committee as and where applicable.
2. The Event Presentation Manager shall ensure that the plan is accomplished, resolving any relevant problems together with the Competition Director and the relevant members of the Games Committee.
3. The Event Presentation Manager shall direct the interaction between the members of the event presentation team (announcers, awards, broadcast), using the communication system to be in contact with each of them.

Item 6 – Amend Rule 125.2 as follows: (IAAF 45, 49, 50, 53)

The Referee shall ensure that the rules and ~~((decisions of USATF))~~ applicable USATF competition regulations are observed and shall decide upon any matters which arise during the meet, including any matter arising at competitor check-in, and for which provision has not been made in these rules or any applicable competition regulation. The Referee for track events and for events outside the stadium shall have jurisdiction to decide placings in a race only when the Chief Finish Judge is unable to arrive at a decision. The Referee shall not act in a dual capacity.

Item 7 – Add Rule 125.3 as follows and renumber: (IAAF 51)

The relevant Referee has the authority to decide on any facts related to the start of a race where there is disagreement with the decision of the Starter except in cases when it involves a false start detected by a false start detection apparatus, unless for any reason the Referee determines that the information provided by the apparatus is obviously inaccurate.

Item 8 – Amend Rule 125.8 as follows: (IAAF 54)

If, in the opinion of the appropriate Referee, circumstances arise at any meet such that justice demands that any event or any part of an event should be contested again, except as indicated in the authority of the Starter, the Referee shall have authority to declare the event void and it shall be held again, either on the same day or on some future occasion, as the Referee shall decide.

Item 9 – Amend Rule 126.7 as follows: (IAAF 55)

The Field Judges shall judge ((, measure,)) and record each trial, and measure each valid trial of each competitor in all field events. ...

Item 10 – Amend Rule 127.4 as follows: (IAAF 56)

It shall be the duty of any Umpire to:

(((i))) (a) stand at such point as the Referee or Chief Umpire may designate;

(((ii))) (b) watch the competition closely and, in case of a foul or violation of the rules by a competitor or other person, ((to indicate)) communicate such ((foul or violation)) breach by either raising ((and waving)) a yellow flag or using other reliable means approved by the Games Committee; and

(((iii))) (c) report, orally and in writing, to the Chief Umpire what he/she saw of the incident.

Item 11 – This item has been withdrawn.

Item 12 – Amend Rule 134 as follows: (IAAF 63)

In conjunction with the Event Presentation Manager and under the general direction of the Games Committee, the Announcer shall announce to the public the names and numbers of the competitors taking part in each event and all relevant information such as the composition of the heats or lanes drawn and intermediate times. ...

Item 13 – Amend Rule 137.4 as follows: (IAAF 64)

To ensure that the equipment is operating correctly, the Judge shall, before and after each event, supervise or conduct a set of measurements in conjunction with the judges and referee to confirm agreement with results achieved using a certified steel (( (or fiberglass) )) tape and shall report and certify the accuracy of the instrument to the Field Event Referee, particularly in the event of a record.

Item 14 – Add Rule 138.3 as follows and renumber: (IAAF 66)

The Clerk of Course shall supervise the transit between the warm-up area and the competition area to ensure that the competitors after being checked-in are present and ready for the scheduled start of their event.

Item 15 – Amend Rule 142.4 as follows: (IAAF 73, 74)

The Referee has the discretion to waive the honest effort rule in the event an athlete provides a medical certificate, endorsed by a medical officer appointed or approved by USATF or the Games Committee, attesting to the fact that the athlete became unable to compete after being declared, or after competing in a previous round, but will be able to compete in further events on a subsequent day of the competition. Other justifiable reasons, such as factors independent of the athlete's own actions, may, after confirmation, also be accepted by the Referee.

Item 16 – Amend Rule 143.1 as follows: (IAAF 75)

In all events competitors must wear clothing that is clean, designed and worn so as not to be objectionable. The clothing must be made of a material that is not transparent even if wet. The competitors must not wear clothing that could impede the view of the judges. Athletes' vests should have the same color on the front and back. This rule shall be enforced by the Clerk of Course for track and road events and the Chief Judge of each field event.

Item 17 – Amend Rule 143.3(a) as follows: (IAAF 76)

A competitor may compete in bare feet or with footwear on one or both feet. The purpose of shoes for competition is to give protection and stability to the feet and a firm grip of the ground. Such shoes, however, must not be constructed so as to give the competitor any unfair additional assistance, including the incorporation of any technology which will give the wearer any unfair advantage, ((and no)) such as a spring or similar device ((of any kind may be incorporated in the shoes)). A shoe strap over the instep is permissible.

Item 18 – Add Rule 143.3(f) as follows: (IAAF 77)

Athletes may not use appliances, either inside or outside the shoe, which will have the effect of increasing the thickness of the sole above the permitted maximum, or which can give the wearer any advantage which would not be obtained from the type of shoe described in the previous paragraphs. The thickness of the sole shall be measured as the distance between the inside top side and the outside under side, including the above-mentioned features and any kind or form of loose inner sole.

**NOTE:** *Orthotic inserts required for medical purposes are exempt from this rule.*

Item 19 – Amend Rule 144.3(b) as follows: (IAAF 82)

The visible possession or use by athletes of video or audio cassette recorders or players, TV's, CD or DVD players, radio transmitters or receivers, mobile phones, computers, or any similar devices in the competition area shall not be permitted. In long distance running, this is not a mandatory rule, but is a strong suggestion as a guideline for safety reasons.

Item 20 – Amend Rule 144.6 as follows: (IAAF 81)

Any athlete giving or receiving assistance during ((a field)) any event other than as specified in 144.3(a) must be cautioned by the Referee and warned that for any repetition, he or she will be disqualified from that event ((barred from further participation in that event)). Any performance accomplished up to that time shall stand. If such disqualification occurs, any performance accomplished up to that time in the same event session shall not be considered valid. Performances accomplished in any previous event session, such as a qualifying round, shall stand.

**NOTE 1:** *For Youth Athletics exception, see Rule 302.5(k).*

**NOTE 2:** *Information conveyed to an athlete by an official is not considered assistance provided such information is made available to all athletes.*

Item 21 – Amend Rule 144.10 as follows: (IAAF 79)

Physiotherapy and/or medical treatment necessary to enable an athlete to participate, or continue participation once in the competition area, ((by personnel designated or approved by the Meet Doctor specifically for this purpose, is permitted and shall not be considered assistant, provided that it does)) may be provided by members of the official medical staff appointed by the Games Committee and clearly identified as such. Accredited team medical personnel approved by the Meet Doctor specifically for the above purpose may be permitted in the medical treatment area outside the competition area. In neither case shall the intervention delay the conduct of the competition or a competitor's trial in the designated order.

Item 22 – Amend Rule 145 as follows: (IAAF 87, 88)

1. If an athlete is disqualified in an event because of an infringement of the USATF Competition Rules, reference to the USATF Rule infringed shall be made in the official results. Any performance accomplished up to that time in the same session of the event shall not be considered valid. Performances accomplished in any previous event session, such as a qualifying round, shall stand. This disqualification shall not prevent an athlete from participating in any future event.

2. Any competitor who shall refuse to obey the directions of the Referee or other proper official, or who shall conduct himself/ herself in an unsportsmanlike manner, or who is offensive by action or language to the officials, spectators, or competitors at any competition may be disqualified by the Referee from future competition at the meet ((, and if)). If such disqualification occurs, any performance accomplished up to that time in the same event session shall not be considered valid. Performances accomplished in any previous event session, such as a qualifying round, shall stand. If the Referee thinks the offense worthy of additional action, he/she shall promptly make detailed statement of the offense to the appropriate National or Association Officer.

Item 23 – Amend Rule 146.3 as follows: (IAAF 60, 89, 90)

Protests, at the discretion of the Games Committee or the Referee, may be made orally or in writing. For National Championships, they must be made in writing. ((For protests concerning field event measurements see Rule 180.14.))

- (a) In races where a false start control apparatus is used, a protest may be based on the failure of the starter to recall a false start. The protest may be made only by, or on behalf of, an athlete who has completed the race. If the protest is upheld, the Referee shall disqualify the athlete who committed the false start.
- (b) In races where a false start control apparatus is used, if an immediate oral protest is made regarding a decision by the Starter to charge a false start, the Referee may allow an athlete to compete under protest in order to protect the rights of all concerned and provide the time required to determine if the information provided by the apparatus is obviously inaccurate.
- (c) If an immediate oral protest is made, regarding a decision of a Field Judge that a jump or throw is foul or is invalid, the jump or throw should be measured, if possible, in order to protect the rights of all concerned. The measurement should be announced only if the protest is upheld.

Delete Rule 129.4

Delete Rule 180.14

Item 24 – Amend Rule 162.1 as follows: (IAAF 58, 95)

The start of a race shall be indicated by a white line 5cm wide marked on the track or ground.

When starting, all competitors must be behind the starting line and they must not touch the starting line or the surface in front of it with any part of the body. Starting stations in events at all distances shall be numbered from left to right, facing the direction of running.

Item 25 – Amend Rule 162.9 as follows: (IAAF 97)

If in the judgment of the Starter, a competitor commences the starting motion after assuming a full and final set position, and before receiving the report of the pistol/starting device, it shall be considered a false start.

Item 26 – Amend Rule 162.12 Note 1 as follows: (IAAF 102)

**NOTE 1:** *In practice, when one or more competitors makes a false start, others are inclined to follow and, strictly speaking, any competitor who does so has also made a false start. The Starter should charge only the competitor or competitors who, in the Starter's opinion, were responsible for the false start. This may result in more than one competitor being charged with a false start. If the unfair start is not due to any competitor, no competitor shall be charged and a green card shall be shown to all competitors.*

Item 27 – Amend Rule 160.8(d) as follows: (IAAF 103, 104, 105)

Whenever possible, the 800 Meters shall be run in lanes ((as far as the marked cut-in points)) until the athletes have passed the nearer edge of the breakline at the end of the first turn, marked at each end by a flag or cone positioned outside the track at least 30cm from the nearest lane line. The starts shall be so staggered that the distance from the start to finish shall be the same for each competitor. Small markers (((e.g., cones or flags))), such as cones or prisms 5cm x 5cm and no more than 15cm high preferably of a different color from the breakline and lane lines, may be placed on the lane lines immediately before ((at)) the intersection of the lane lines and the breakline ((cut-in points)).

Item 28 – Amend Rule 163.13 as follows: (IAAF 106)

To insure an accurate reading of only the wind component in the direction of running, a mechanical wind gauge should have some type of protection which reduces the impact of any cross-wind component. Where tubes are used, their length on either side of the measuring device should be at least twice the diameter of the tube. The accuracy of all wind gauge equipment used shall be certified by an appropriate agency accredited by a governmental Bureau of Weights and Measures.

Item 29 –Add Rule 165.10(d) as follows: (IAAF 108)

In all fully automatic and video based systems, the picture production and the time system shall be synchronized generating a uniformly marked time scale graduated in 1/100<sup>th</sup> of a second. The photo finish system must be able to produce a printed picture that shows the time for each runner.

Item 30 – Amend Rule 165.12 as follows: (IAAF 108)

A videotape-based system may be used for non-championship competition, provided:

(a) it complies with the provisions of Rule 165.10 ((is started automatically by the Starter's pistol));

(b) it uses a videotape camera aligned with the finish line and videotape that produces at least 50 frames per second; and

(c) it incorporates a timing device that generates a reading to 1/100th of a second. When a frame-by-frame videotape-based system is used, the official time for each competitor shall



be read from the time of the frame where the competitor is positioned exactly at, or immediately after, the finish line;

((d) it is able to produce a printed picture that shows the time for each runner and whether or not the timing device has been started automatically by the Starter's pistol; and ))

((e) it is so manufactured that the picture production and the time system are synchronized. ))

Item 31 – Amend Rule 128.7 as follows: (IAAF 109)

The Chief Photo Finish Judge shall ((record and certify the places and times)) determine the places of the athletes and their respective times. He shall then record and certify them, or ensure that they are correctly entered into the competition results system for forwarding ((and forward them)) to the Competition Secretary and/or such other officials designated by the Games Committee or Meet Director. ((When a computerized result system is used, the placings and times of the competitors may be entered directly into the computer system under the direction of the Chief Photo Finish Judge.)) Results shall subsequently be certified as official by the Referee or the Referee's designee. The determinations of the Photo Finish Judges may be appealed to the Referee for a final determination.

Item 32 – Amend Rule 165.16 as follows: (IAAF 107, 110)

The use of transponder timing systems in race walking events not held entirely within a stadium, road, and cross country races is permitted provided that:

Amend rule 165.16(g) as follows:

the determination of the official ((winning)) times and places ((is)) are in accordance with Rule 165.4; and

Item 33 – Amend Rule 166.1(h) as follows: (IAAF 111)

On a six (6), eight (8), or nine (9) lane track, in the absence of extraordinary circumstances, the following table shall be used in determining the number of heats and advancement procedure for events run entirely or partially in lanes. On other tracks, the table should be modified to reflect the other provisions of this Rule. For Championships and selection meets, alternate advancement procedures may be included in the competition handbook.

Item 34 – Amend Rule 166.1(b) as follows: (IAAF 116)

Unless otherwise provided within this Rule, no fewer than three (3) athletes from any one heat shall advance to the next round of competition. Except where Rule 167 applies, other athletes may qualify by place or by time according to Rule 166.1(h), the particular competition regulations, or as determined by the Games Committee. When athletes are qualified according to times, only one system of timing shall be applied.

Item 35 – Amend Rule 168.6 as follows: (IAAF 121)

**Construction** - The hurdles shall be made of metal or some other suitable material with the top bar of wood or some other suitable material and shall consist of two bases and two uprights supporting a rectangular frame reinforced by one or more crossbars, the uprights to be fixed at the extreme end of each base. The hurdles shall be of such design that a force of at least 3.6kg (8 lb.) applied horizontally to the center of the top edge of the crossbar is required to overturn it. The hurdles may be adjustable in height for each event. The counterweights must be adjustable so that at each height a horizontal force of at least 3.6kg (8 lb.) and not more than 4.0kg is required to overturn it.

Amend Rule 168.13 as follows

**Testing** - To check the resisting force of hurdles, a simple spring balance should be used to apply a pulling force horizontally to the center of the crossbar. Alternatively, use a cord with a hook applied to the center of the crossbar; take the cord horizontally along over a pulley fixed appropriately and load the other end of the cord with weights.

Item 36 –Amend Rule 168.1: (IAAF 122)

1. For outdoor competition, the standard distance for hurdle races, which shall have 10 flights of hurdles in each lane and set out in accordance with the following table, shall be:

	<b>Distance of Race</b>	<b>Height of Hurdle</b>	<b>Distance from Start to First Hurdle</b>	<b>Distance Between Hurdles</b>	<b>Last Hurdle to Finish</b>
Junior Men	110m	0.995m (±0.005)	13.72m	9.14m	14.02m
Men	110m	1.067m (±0.003)	13.72m	9.14m	14.02m
Junior and Men	400m	0.914m(±0.003)	45m	35m	40m
=====					
Junior and Women	100m*	0.840m(±0.003)	13m	8.5m	10.5m
	400m	0.762m (±0.003)	45m	35m	40m

**NOTE:** For specifications for Masters races, see Rule 332.2(i). For specifications for Youth Athletics, See Rule 302.4.

Delete Rule 168.7

Item 37 – Amend Rule 168.4 as follows: (IAAF 124, 126, 127)

All races shall be run in lanes. Each athlete shall jump each hurdle and shall keep to their own lane throughout. Except as provided in Rule 163.5, a competitor shall be disqualified if he/she: ((who runs around or trails the leg or foot below the horizontal plane of any hurdle at the instant of clearance, or jumps any hurdle not in his/her own lane or who, in the opinion of the Referee, deliberately knocks down any hurdle by hand or foot shall be disqualified.))

- (a) does not jump any hurdle;
- (b) trails the leg or foot below the horizontal plane of any hurdle at the instant of clearance;
- (c) jumps any hurdle not in his/her own lane; or
- (d) in the opinion of the Referee, deliberately knocks down any hurdle.

Item 38 – Amend Rule 169.2 as follows: (IAAF 129)

The 3000 Meter Steeplechase shall have 28 hurdle jumps and 7 water jumps. The 2000 Meter Steeplechase shall have 18 hurdle jumps and 5 water jumps. The 1500 Meter Steeplechase shall have 13 hurdles and 3 water jumps. There shall be five jumps per lap after the finish line has been passed for the first time. The water jump shall be the fourth if that is feasible. The jumps shall be evenly distributed, *i.e.*, the distance between the jumps shall be approximately one-fifth of the nominal length of the lap. Because of differences in track design and water jump placement, all steeplechase courses must be individually measured. Generally, only the start line will need to be adjusted. A diagram showing a typical configuration of the barriers on a 400m track with an interior water jump is shown in Figure 2.

Item 39 – Amend Rule 169.3 as follows: (IAAF 130)

The men's hurdles shall be 91.4cm ( $\pm$  3mm) high (3 ft.). The women's hurdles shall be 76.2cm ( $\pm$  3mm) high (2 ft. 6 in.). The hurdles shall be at least ((3.96m)) 3.94m (( (13 ft.) )) wide and shall be placed on the track so that 30cm of the top bar, measured from the inside edge of the track, will be inside the field. The section of the top bar of the hurdles and the hurdle at the water jump shall be 12.7cm (5 in.) square. The weight of each hurdle shall be between 80 and 100kg, and each hurdle shall have on either side a base between 1.2 and 1.4m. All hurdles are to be painted with white and black stripes, or in other distinctive contrasting colors, in such a manner that the lighter stripes, which will be at least 22.5cm wide, are on the outside. See Figure 3.

Item 40 – Amend Rule 169.4 as follows: (IAAF 133)

Each competitor shall jump each hurdle, go over or through the water ((, and anyone who steps to one side or the other of the water or of any hurdle or trails the foot or leg below the horizontal plane of the top of any hurdle at the instant of clearance shall be disqualified. The competitor must clear each jump, but may jump or vault each hurdle, or place a foot on each hurdle, including the hurdle at the water jump.)) . An athlete shall be disqualified if he/she:

(a) does not jump any hurdle;

(b) steps to one side or the other of the jumps; or

(c) trails the leg or foot below the horizontal plane of the top of any hurdle at the instant of clearance.

Provided this Rule is observed, an athlete may go over each hurdle in any manner.

Item 41 – Amend Rule 170.8 as follows: (IAAF 135)

In the 4x400 Meters Relay, at the first take-over, which is carried out with the athletes remaining in their lanes, the 2nd runner is not permitted to begin running outside the take-over zone, and shall start within this zone. Similarly, the 3rd and 4th runners shall begin running from within their take-over zones. The second runners in each team shall run in lanes as far as the nearer edge of the breakline after the first turn where the runner may leave their respective lanes. ((may break from their lanes immediately they have passed the line after the first bend (breakline), which will be marked with)) The breakline shall be an arced line 5cm wide across the track, marked at each end ((and)) by a cone or flag at least 1.50m high, positioned ((on each side of the track)) outside the track, 30cm from the nearest lane line.

**NOTE:** *To assist competitors in identifying the breakline small cones or prisms (5cm x 5cm) and no more than 15cm high ((of the same color as)) , preferably of a different color from the breakline and the lane lines, may be placed on the lane lines immediately before the intersection of each lane line and the breakline.*

Item 42 – This item has been withdrawn.

Item 43 – Amend Rule 170.10 as follows: (IAAF 137)

In ((other relay races)) any relay race, when lanes are not used, including when applicable the 4x200m and 4x400m, waiting runners can take an inner position on the track as incoming team members ((arrive)) approach, provided they do not jostle or obstruct another runner so as to impede that runner's progress. In the 4x200m and 4x400m, waiting athletes shall maintain the order in accordance with Rule 170.9.

Item 44 – Amend Rule 170.14 as follows: (IAAF 141)

In all relay races, the baton shall be passed within the take-over zone. The passing of the baton commences when it is first touched by the receiving runner and is completed the moment it is in the hand of only the receiving runner. In relation to ((Within)) the take-over zone, it is only the position of the baton that is decisive, and not the position of the ((body)) bodies or limbs of the runners. Passing the baton outside the take-over zone shall result in disqualification.

Item 45 – Amend Rule 170.18 as follows: (IAAF 142, 143)

Once a relay team has started in a competition, only two additional athletes may be used as substitutes in the composition of the team for subsequent rounds. Substitutions in a relay team may only be made from the list of athletes already entered for the meet, whether for that or any other event. The composition of the relay team and the order of running shall be officially declared no later than one half hour before the published starting time for the first heat of each round of the competition. Further alterations may be made only on medical grounds (verified by a medical officer appointed by the Games Committee) and only until the final call for the particular heat in which the team is competing. Once the athlete, who has started in a previous round, has been replaced by a substitute, the athlete may not return to the team. Should a team not comply with this rule, it shall be disqualified.

Item 46 – Amend Rule 180.4(b) as follows: (IAAF 144)

(b) When there are eight or fewer competitors (or nine if nine lanes are used around the track), all shall be allowed six trials((, even if none of the first three are fair)). Athletes failing to achieve a valid trial during the first three rounds shall compete in subsequent rounds before those with valid trials, and in the same relative order according to the original draw, excepting paragraph (e). ((If there are more competitors than there are lanes on the track, each competitor must have a valid qualifying mark to advance to the finals.))

Item 47 – Amend Rule 180.4(e) as follows: (IAAF 145)

In Championships, the order of competition for the fourth and fifth round ((for the final three trials)) shall be in reverse order of the best performance in the first three trials, and the order of competition for the final round shall be in reverse order of the best performance in the first five rounds. In all other competitions, the order of competition for the final three trials shall be in reverse order of the best performance in the first three trials, or in the order used for Championships, as determined by the Games Committee prior to the competition.

Item 48 – Amend Rule 180.5(e) as follows: (IAAF 146)

Where there are enough competitors to warrant it, it is recommended that the qualifying competition be divided into two or more groups. Unless there are facilities for the groups to compete at the same time under similar conditions, ((the second)) each group shall commence ((the competition)) its warm-up immediately after the ((first)) previous group has finished.

Item 49 – Amend Rule 180.5(b) as follows: (IAAF 148)

Twelve (12) competitors and ties that remain after applying Rules 180.16, 181.9(a), and 181.9(b) shall advance to the competition proper. In the High Jump and Pole Vault, the competitors who have not withdrawn or been eliminated after three consecutive failures shall continue to compete until the end of the last trial at the height set as the qualifying standard by the Games Committee, unless the number advancing to the final, as determined by this Rule, has been reached. If, after jumping concludes at any height at or below the qualifying standard, there remain fewer than 12 athletes in competition, then additional qualifiers shall be added by applying Rules 181.9(a) and (b). When competition is held in two simultaneous groups, it is recommended that the bar be raised to each height at the same time for each group.

Item 50 – Amend Rule 180.8(c) as follows: (IAAF 72)

If a competitor is entered in both a track and a field event, or in more than one field event taking place simultaneously, the appropriate Referee or Chief Field Judge may, for one round at a time, or for each trial in High Jump and Pole Vault, allow the competitor to take a trial out of the regular order. If ((an)) the athlete subsequently is not present for ((that)) any trial, it shall be deemed that the athlete is passing once the period allowed for the trial has elapsed. In the case of the High Jump and Pole Vault, if a competitor is not present when all other competitors who are present have completed the competition, the Referee shall deem that such competitor has abandoned the competition once the period for one further trial has elapsed.

**NOTE 1:** *This subsection applies to one attempt at a time within any of the six rounds of competition. It does not permit an athlete to take a given attempt after the next round (or next trial in the vertical jumps) has begun.*

**NOTE 2:** *For comparable provisions applicable to Youth Athletics competition, see Rule 302.5(p).*

Item 51 – Amend Rule 180.8(d)ii as follows: (IAAF 149)

It is a matter for the Referee to decide, having regard to all the circumstances, what is an unreasonable delay. In the High Jump and Pole Vault, any change in the time period allowed for a trial shall not be applied until the bar is raised to a new height, except when time specified for consecutive trials shall be applied whenever any athlete has two or more consecutive trials. The time allowed shall be the greater if more than one situation is applicable. The times in the following chart should not normally be exceeded:

Item 52 – Amend Rule 181.6 as follows: (IAAF 151)

Unless there is only one competitor remaining who has won the competition:

(a) the bar should never be raised by less than 2cm in the High Jump and 5cm in the Pole Vault after each round; and

(b) the increment of the raising of the bar should never increase.

A competitor who has won the competition is entitled to continue jumping or vaulting until he/she has forfeited the right to compete further. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Rule, the heights to which the bar is to be raised shall be decided after consulting the competitor, except in combined events competition.

Item 53 – Amend Illustrations Figure 7 as follows: (IAAF 152)

Alternate Ends for Bar: ((2.9-3.5cm and 2.9-3.5cm)) 29-31mm and 30-35mm.

Item 54 – Amend Rule 182.3(b) as follows: (IAAF 154)

the competitor touches the ground, including the landing area beyond the ((plane of the uprights)) vertical plane through the edge of the crossbar nearest to the take-off area, either between or outside the uprights, with any part of the body, without first clearing the bar. If the jumper's foot touches beyond the plane of the uprights while completing a jump, the jump should not be ruled a failure for this reason if no advantage was thereby gained (e.g., the jumper did not use the landing area as a spring device).

Item 55 – Amend Rule 181.14 as follows: (IAAF 155, 163)

(a) High Jump: A white line 50mm wide shall be drawn on the ground (usually with adhesive tape or similar material). The ((nearer)) edge of the line nearest to the take-off area is drawn along the ((nearer edge of the uprights)) vertical plane through the ((nearer)) edge of the crossbar nearest to the take-off area, and extends for 3 meters on either side of the uprights.

(b) Pole Vault: A white line 1cm wide shall be drawn on the ground at right angles to the axis of the runway, ((at the level of the inside edge)) such that the edge of the line nearer to the competitor shall coincide with the back end of the box. This line shall be prolonged as far as the outside edge of the uprights, and may also go on the surface of the landing bed. This will facilitate the determination of the zero point and the checking of the uprights.

Item 56 – Amend Rule 180.20 as follows: (IAAF 157)

The maximum allowance for inclination of runways for jumping events and the Javelin Throw shall not exceed 1:100 laterally and 1:1000 downward in the running direction. In the High Jump, the maximum overall inclination of the runway ((and take-off area)) shall not exceed 1:250 upward along any radius in the direction of the center of the ((crossbar)) semicircular area located midway between the uprights and having the minimum distance specified in Rule 180.18.

Item 57 – Amend Rule 181.15 as follows: (IAAF 160, 161)

**Supports for Crossbar in the High Jump** - The supports for the crossbar shall be flat and rectangular, 4cm wide and 6cm long. They shall be firmly fixed to the uprights and immovable during the jump, and shall each face the opposite upright. The ((and the)) ends of the crossbar shall rest on them in such a manner that if the crossbar is touched by a competitor, it will easily fall to the ground, either forwards or backwards. The supports shall be the same height above the takeoff area immediately below each end of the crossbar.

Item 58 – Amend Rule 181.18 as follows: (IAAF 167)

**Take-Off Box for Pole Vault** - ((This)) The box shall be constructed ((either of wood, metal, or other)) of a suitable ((rigid)) material sunk level with the surface of the runway, preferably with rounded upper edges. ((and)) It shall measure 1m in length measured along the inside of the bottom of the box, 60cm in width at the front end and tapering to 15cm in width at the bottom of the stop board. The length of the box at ((ground)) runway level and the depth of the stop board ((will depend upon)) are determined by the angle of 105 degrees formed between the base and the stop board ((, which shall be 105 degrees)). The base of the box shall slope from ((ground)) runway level at the front end to a vertical distance below ground level of 20cm at the point where it meets the stop board. The box should be constructed in such a manner that the sides slope outward and end next to the stop board at an angle of approximately 120 degrees to the base. The box should be painted white. If the box is constructed of wood, the bottom shall be lined with 2.5mm sheet ((iron or other)) metal for a distance of 80cm from the front of the box.

Item 59 -- Amend Rule 183.6 as follows: (IAAF conformance)

After the release of the pole, no one including the athlete ((No one)) shall be allowed to touch the pole unless it is falling away from the bar or uprights. If it is touched, however, and the official in charge of the Pole Vault is of the opinion that, but for the intervention, the bar would have been knocked off, the vault shall be regarded as a failure.

Item 60 – Add Rule 185.9 as follows: (IAAF 170)

**Wind Measurement** - See Rules 163.10, 163.11 and 163.12 for wind gauge placement, operation and reading requirements.

Item 61 – Amend Rule 185.4 as follows: (IAAF 174)

**NOTE 3:** It is not a foul if, in the course of landing, the competitor touches the ground outside the landing area, with any part of their body, unless such contact is the first contact or contravenes Rule 185.4(d).

Item 62 – Amend Rule 185.7 as follows: (IAAF 175)

**Take Off Board** - The take-off board shall be rectangular, made of wood or ((some)) other suitable rigid material, sunk level with the runway and the surface of the landing area, the edge of which near the landing area shall be called the take-off line. The take-off board shall measure ((1.21m to)) 1.22m ( $\pm 0.01m$ ) long, 20cm ( $\pm 2mm$ ) wide and maximum 10cm deep, and should be not less than 1.0m nor more than 3.0m from the landing area. It shall be painted white. Immediately beyond the take-off board on the side nearer to the landing area there shall be placed a board of plasticine or other suitable material for recording the athlete's footprints.

**NOTE:** *For Youth Athletics specifications, see Rule 302.5(d).*

Delete Rule 185.2

Item 63 – Amend Rule 185.8 as follows: (IAAF 176)

**Plasticine Indicator Board** - The indicator should consist of a rigid board, 10cm ( $\pm 2mm$ ) wide and ((1.21m to)) 1.22m ( $\pm 0.01m$ ) long, made of wood or other suitable rigid material and painted in a contrasting color to the take-off board. The board shall be mounted in a recess or shelf in the runway on the side of the take-off board nearer the landing area. The surface shall rise from the level of the take-off board to a height of 7mm ( $\pm 1mm$ ). The edges shall either slant at an angle of 45 degrees with the edge nearer to the runway covered with a plasticine layer, with a third contrasting color when possible ((to the board)), along its length 1mm thick (((see Figure 6a))) or shall be cut away such that the recess, when filled with plasticine, shall slant at an angle of 45 degrees (((Figure 6b))). The upper part of the indicator board shall also be covered by a plasticine layer for approximately the first 10mm and along its entire length. See Figures 6a and 6b. ((The board shall be mounted in a recess or shelf in the runway.)) When mounted in the recess, the board must be sufficiently rigid to accept the full force of the athlete's foot. The surface of the board beneath the plasticine shall be of a material in which the spikes of an athlete's shoe will grip and not skid. The layer of plasticine shall be smoothed off by means of a roller or suitably shaped scraper for the purpose of removing the footprints of the competitors.



Item 64 – Amend Rule 185.6 as follows: (IAAF 178)

It is recommended that the distance between the take-off board and the end of the landing area shall be at least 10m ((and that the)) . The landing area ((should)) shall have a minimum width of 2.75m, ((and)) a maximum width of 3m, a minimum depth of 30cm and should be filled with soft damp sand to the same level as the take-off board. When possible, the landing area shall be so placed so that the middle of the runway, extended, coincides with the middle of the landing area.

Item 65 – This item has been withdrawn.

Item 66 – Amend Rule 187.6 as follows: (IAAF 189)

Competitors may not spray or spread any substance within the circle or on their shoes or roughen or smooth the surface of the circle.

Item 67 – Amend Rule 187.3 as follows: (IAAF 182, 184, 185)

No device of any kind, which in any way assists a competitor when making a throw, shall be allowed.

- (a) The taping of individual fingers or multiple fingers together is not allowed. However, taping of individual fingers is permissible in the Hammer and Weight Throws. The use of tape on the hand shall not be allowed except in the case of need to cover an open cut. The use of tape on the wrist is allowed. The tape should be shown to the Chief Judge of the event before the event starts.
- (b) The use of gloves is not allowed, except for protection of the hands in the Hammer and Weight Throw. The gloves must be smooth on the back and the front and the glove fingertips, other than the thumb, shall be cut to expose the fingers. Taping the glove to or at the wrist is permitted.
- (c) In order to obtain a better grip, competitors may use a suitable substance on their hands only. Additionally, in the Hammer Throw, such substance may be applied to the gloves, and in the shot put, such substance may be applied to the shot and the neck area.
- (d) A belt of leather or other suitable material may be worn at the waist by a competitor to protect the spine or back from injury.
- (e) In the Javelin Throw, a competitor may wear elbow protection.
- (f) A competitor may wear other protection, such as a knee support, provided it is approved by the Games Committee prior to the start of competition or Referee during the competition.
- (g) The use of weights attached to the body is not permitted.

Delete Rule 180.12

Delete Rule 187.4 and 187.5

Delete Rule 191.4

Item 68 – This item has been withdrawn.

Item 69 –Amend Rule 187.25 as follows: (IAAF 191, 192)

**Arc** - All javelin throws shall be made from an arc of a circle drawn with a radius of 8m at the end of a runway 4m wide. This arc shall consist of a painted stripe or made of wood ((, metal,)) or other suitable material 7cm in width ((, painted)). It shall be white and sunk flush with the ground. Lines shall be drawn from the extremities of the arc at right angles to the parallel lines marking the runway. These lines should be 75cm in length, from the inner edge of the runway line, and 7cm in width. \*\*\* Make appropriate correction to Figure 11 \*\*\*

Item 70 –Amend Rule 187.8 as follows: (IAAF 193, 194)

For a throw to be valid in the Shot Put, Hammer Throw, Weight Throw, and Discus Throw, the implement, excluding the handle and wire, and connection, as appropriate, must ((fall)) make first contact with the ground completely within the inner edges of the lines of the sector (see Rule 187.24 ((and 187.26))). For the javelin see Rule 187.26 and 193.1c.

**NOTE:** *A throw may be valid even if any part of the implement has touched the cage provided no other rule is infringed.*

Item 71 – Amend Rule 193.1(d) as follows: (IAAF 193)

No throw shall be valid or counted in which the tip or the point of the metal head does not ((strike)) make first contact with the ground completely within the inner edges of the lines of the sector before any other part of the javelin, or where the competitor touches with any part of the body, the arc as marked or the lines drawn from the extremities thereof at right angles to the parallel lines, or the ground beyond the arc or such lines.

**NOTE:** *For Youth Athletics exception, see Rule 302.5(i).*

Delete Rule 193.1(c)

Item 72 –Amend Rule 187.23 as follows: (IAAF 195)

**Shot Put Stop Board** - The stop board shall be made of wood or ((some)) other suitable material in the shape of an arc so that the inner edge coincides with the inner edge of the rim of the circle ((, and)). It shall be placed midway between the sector lines, and be so made that it can be firmly fixed to the ground. The board shall measure 11.2 to 30cm wide, ((1.15m (± 1cm) long measured straight end to end)) with a chord of 1.21 (± 0.01m) for an arc equal to that of the circle and 10cm (± 2mm) high in relation to the level of the inside of the circle. The board shall be painted white. A diagram showing the layout of the Shot circle appears in Figure 9. \*\*\* Make appropriate correction to Figure 9 \*\*\*

Item 73 –Amend Rule 190 as follows: (IAAF 196, 199, 200, 201, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212)

It is required that all Hammer, Weight, Superweight, Ultraweight, and Discus Throws be from an enclosure or cage to ensure the safety of spectators, officials, and competitors. The cage specified in this rule is intended for use in a major stadium ((with spectators all the way around the outside of the arena and with other events taking place in the arena.)) when the event takes place outside the arena with spectators present or when the event takes place in the arena with other events taking place at the same time. Where this does not apply, a simpler construction may be satisfactory, provided it ensures safety. See ((diagrams on)) Figures 12-13, and IAAF Rules 190 and 192, for suggested specifications of cages for the Hammer and Discus. \*\*\* Make appropriate correction to Figures 11 and 12 \*\*\*

Item 74 –Add Rule 190 Note 2 as follows: (IAAF 198)

**NOTE 2:** The cage side, particularly alongside the track, may be lengthened and/or increased in height to provide greater protection to athletes competing on the adjoining track during a discus competition.

Item 75 –Amend Rule 191.2 as follows: (IAAF 202)

It shall not be considered a foul throw if the head of the hammer touches the ground or the top of the iron band ((when a competitor makes the preliminary swings or turns. However, if the head of the hammer so touches the ground or the top of the iron band, and the competitor stops throwing so as to begin the trial again, the throw shall be considered a foul throw)). The competitor may stop and begin the throw again, provided no other rule has been breached.

Item 76 –Amend Rule 191.8 as follows: (IAAF 206, 207)

The handle may have a curved or straight grip with a maximum width inside of 130mm and a maximum length inside of 110mm. The sides of the handle may be straight or slightly curved where the sides meet the grip. The maximum handle breaking strength shall be 8kN (800kgf). ((NOTE: If the IAAF establishes a new rule defining the hammer handle during 2005, USATF will adopt that definition.)) \*\*\* Make appropriate correction to a new Figure 14 \*\*\*

Item 77 –Amend Rule 193.10 as follows: (IAAF 213)

The surface of the shaft shall have no dimples or pimples, grooves or ridges, holes or roughness, and the finish shall be smooth and uniform throughout. To be smooth, the surface average height must be less than 1.6µm (a roughness number of N7 or less). Tape or any other substances shall not be placed on the javelin. The head shall be constructed completely of metal. It may contain a reinforced tip of other metal alloy welded on to the front end of the head provided that the completed head is smooth and uniform along the whole of its surface.

Item 78- Amend 200.2(d) as follows (IAAF conformance)

The Decathlon, which shall be conducted on two consecutive days in the following order:

- First Day: 100 Meters  
 ((Long Jump)) Discus  
 ((Shot Put)) Pole Vault  
 ((High Jump)) Javelin  
 400 Meters
- Second Day: 100m Hurdles  
 ((Discus Throw)) Long Jump  
 ((Pole Vault)) Shot Put  
 ((Javelin Throw)) High Jump  
 1500 Meters

Item 79 –Amend Rule 200.5 as follows: (IAAF 215, 216, 217)

- (a) If the number of competitors warrants it, they may be divided into permanent groups of not less than six as determined by the Games Committee or Combined Events Referee. These groupings shall continue throughout the first seven events of the decathlon and all but the last event of the other combined events.
- (b) When permanent groups are not used and individual event ((best)) performance data during a predetermined period are available for most of the combined event competitors, the Games Committee, or Combined Events Referee, ((may)) shall make heat and flight assignments using these data.  
When no performance data are available, the competitors for each heat and flight shall be drawn by lot.  
 ((If there are 16 or more competitors, it is recommended that more than one facility be used.))  
When this cannot be achieved due to the time schedule of events, the heats or flights for the next event should be arranged as and when competitors become available from the previous event.
- ((c) When no performance data are available, the competitors for each heat and flight shall be drawn by lot with no fewer than four competitors in each)).
- (c) (((d))) In the last event of a Combined Events Competition, the heats should be arranged so that one ((group)) contains the leading athletes after the penultimate event. The heat containing the leading athletes should be run last. In the 800 Meters the top placers shall be assigned, one per lane in the last heat, the next best placers in another heat, etc., according to Rule 166.4.
- (d) (((e))) The order of competition within a field event, and the assignment of lanes in a track event, shall be drawn by lot for each event independently. Preferably five or more, and never less than three competitors shall be placed in a heat or flight. If there are 16 or more competitors, it is recommended that more than one facility be used for field events.

**NOTE:** *For Youth Athletics exception, see Rule 302.6*

Item 80 – Amend Rule 230.2 as follows: (IAAF 248)

### CAUTION

- (a) Competitors must be cautioned by any Judge when, by their mode of progression, they are in danger of ((ceasing)) failing to comply with the definition of race walking (see Rule 232); but they ((are not entitled to)) cannot be given a second caution ((from)) by one and the same Judge for the same offense. Having cautioned a competitor, the Judge shall record all such cautions on the Judge's Tally Sheet.
- (b) Each Judge shall use a yellow paddle for signaling cautions. Each paddle should have the symbol ^^ indicating "Loss of Contact" or ((on one side and)) the symbol > indicating "Bent Knee" on each side ((the reverse side)) to show the reason for the caution.

Item 81 – Amend Rule 230.3 as follows: (IAAF 245, 251, 255, 257, 262)

- (a) When ((in the opinion of a Judge,)) a Judge observes a competitor who fails to comply with Rule 232.2, the Judge shall issue a red card. A red card is that Judge's proposal for disqualification of a competitor.
- (b) Red cards shall be given to the Recorder as soon as possible. If there is no Recorder, the red card shall be given to the Chief Judge. A Judge shall record all proposals for disqualification on the Judge's Tally Sheet.
- (c) When three red cards from three different Judges have been sent to the Recorder or Chief Judge ((propose disqualifications)) on the same competitor, that competitor is disqualified and shall be notified of this disqualification by the Chief Judge.
- (d) Notification of disqualification shall be given as soon as practicable after the competitor has finished, if it is impractical to notify the competitor of the disqualification during the race. The failure to give prompt notification shall not result in the reinstatement of a disqualified competitor.
- (e) The Chief Judge shall use a red paddle for signaling disqualification.
- (f) In Championship and international trials races, the Chief Judge has the power to disqualify a competitor inside the stadium when the race finishes in the stadium, or in the last 100m when the race takes place solely on the track or on a road course, when his/her mode of progression obviously fails to comply with Rule 232.2 regardless of the number of previous red cards the Chief Judge has received for that competitor. An competitor who is disqualified under these circumstances shall be allowed to finish the race.
- (g) (((f))) For Championships and international trials races, ((a disqualification proposal)) one or more posting boards shall be placed on the course and/or near the finish ((used)) to keep competitors informed about the number of ((proposals for disqualification)) red cards that have been received by the Recorder or Chief Judge for each competitor. The symbol for each offense should be also be indicated on the posting board.

(h) (((g))) Where appropriate equipment is available, computer devices with transmission capability may be used by the judges in communicating proposals for disqualification to the Recorder and the disqualification proposal Posting Board(s).

(i) If the Referee is satisfied, on the report of a Judge or Umpire or otherwise, that a competitor has left the marked course thereby shortening the distance to be covered, the competitor shall be disqualified.

Item 82 – Amend Rule 232.4 as follows: (IAAF 259, 260)

In addition to the water and/or refreshment stations provided at the beginning and end of the race, for all events of 10km or longer, refreshment stations shall be provided every lap. In addition to refreshments provided by the Organizing Committee, athletes shall be permitted to provide their own refreshments at refreshment stations. A competitor who collects refreshment from a place other than a refreshment station is liable to disqualification by the Referee. In addition, drinking/sponging stations for water only shall be placed approximately midway between the refreshment stations or more frequently if weather conditions warrant such provision.

Item 83 – Add Rule 241.1(d) as follows: (IAAF 265)

A competitor who collects refreshment from a place other than a refreshment station is liable to disqualification by the Referee.

Item 84 – Add Rule 251.7 as follows: (IAAF 267)

If the Referee is satisfied, on the report of a Judge or Umpire or otherwise, that a competitor has left the marked course thereby shortening the distance to be covered, the competitor shall be disqualified.

Item 85 – Amend Rule 260.4 as follows: (IAAF 269)

Each athlete who achieves a World Record shall submit to a doping control at the end of the event, to be conducted in accordance with IAAF Rules and Procedural Guidelines currently in force. The sample(s) collected shall be sent for analysis to a WADA-accredited laboratory and the results sent ((The result of this test shall be presented by the laboratory)) to the IAAF to be added to other information required for the ratification of the record. If such testing results in a doping violation, or is such testing is not conducted, the IAAF shall not ratify this record.

Item 86 – Amend Rule 262.3(a) as follows: (IAAF 270)

No record shall be acceptable unless it is made in a bona fide scratch running competition, or a bona fide handicap or scratch competition in a field event, open to two or more clubs, schools, colleges, or other organizations, which has been fixed and advertised before the day of competition, and which is included in the printed program together with the names of the entrants for the events. At least three competitors, and in relays at least two teams, shall be bona fide and

have participated in the event in which the record purportedly was established. In field events, a handicap competition may be combined with the scratch competition. In Men's and Women's Track and Field, Long Distance Running events, Race Walking events and Masters Track and Field, no record shall be acceptable unless it was made in an event that had been sanctioned by USATF, a member organization of USATF or another member Federation of IAAF by competitors eligible to compete under IAAF Rules.

Item 87 – Amend Rule 262.7 as follows: (IAAF 272)

Records made in heats or qualifying trials, in deciding ties, in any event which is subsequently decreed void under the provisions of Rule 125.8, or in individual events ((and)) in the combined events will be accepted.

Item 88 – Add Rule 265.1(b) as follows: (IAAF 278, 279)

No performance shall be accepted as an Open American record unless it was timed in accordance with Rule 165. Timing provided by a transponder system shall not be accepted for any record set in road events.

Item 89 – Amend Rule 330.2 as follows: (IAAF 69)

The Masters Track and Field Committee shall conduct and supervise a program for track and field and race walking for all athletes over the age of ((40)) 35. The committee may conduct Championships for athletes aged 30 through ((39)) 34.

Item 90 – Amend Rule 340.1 as follows: (IAAF 69)

The Masters Long Distance Running Committee shall conduct and supervise a program for long distance running for all athletes over the age of ((40)) 35.

Item 91 – Amend CLASSIFICATIONS (d) as follows: (IAAF 69)

Masters: The Masters classification shall be limited to athletes who are at least ((forty (40))) thirty-five (35) years old on the first day of the meet.

Item 92 – Amend Rule 188.3 as follows: (conformance)

The shot shall be a solid sphere of iron, brass, or any metal not softer than brass, or a shell of such metal filled with lead or other material. It must be spherical in shape and its surface shall have no roughness and the finish shall be smooth. To be smooth, the surface average height must be less than 1.6µm, i.e. a roughness number N7 or less.

Item 93 – Amend Note in Rule 190 as follows: (IAAF 209)

*A. The support ... Hammer rebounding. The opening should be 6m wide, measured from the inner edge of the cage or pivoted netting as appropriate, and positioned 7m in front of the center of the throwing circle. However, ...*